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#### **COTP PORT ARTHUR**

## **Hurricane Planning Information for the Maritime Industry**

#### 1. GENERAL:

- A. The Captain of the Port (COTP) Port Arthur provides information to the maritime community at the beginning of each hurricane season. You are encouraged to review this document and revise your hurricane plans accordingly. Circumstances arising during may require that the COTP make some revisions of this plan mandatory using the authority granted in 33 CFR 160 and 33 CFR 165. When this is necessary, affected parties will be notified via Marine Safety Information Bulletin (MSIB) and/or Broadcast Notice to Mariners (BNTM).
- B. This plan is developed to assist the maritime community in the Port Arthur Captain of the Port Zone to take appropriate precautions for severe weather. Most of the preventive provisions and recommendations of this plan should be enacted prior to the onset of *sustained* gale force winds, *when hurricane conditions* (winds and surge) *are predicted to follow*. Due to the unpredictable nature of severe weather, the maritime community should plan for a worst-case scenario.
- C. Ports and waterways may be closed to commercial traffic prior to the landfall of a hurricane. The closure is to ensure safety during and after severe weather when communications may be severely impacted. The Coast Guard in conjunction with other government agencies and port partners will assess hazards to navigation and may direct channel surveys prior to opening the channels. A port closure does not automatically mean that all vessels are required to leave port. Contact VTS Port Arthur to address any concerns or to request waivers.
- D. As there are no "safe havens" within the zone, the COTP believes that when sustained tropical storm winds or greater are imminent, evasion at sea is the safest course of action for all seaworthy, deep-draft vessels. The low elevations along the Gulf Coast offer limited protection from strong winds. Sheltered berths and anchorages are limited within the COTP Port Arthur AOR. Communication between the Coast Guard and all maritime interests is essential in planning/preparing for severe weather.
- E. Commercial ocean-going vessels and ocean-going tug/barge combinations over 500 gross tons should take early and decisive action to depart the port and evade the storm as it approaches. However, the Coast Guard recognizes that commercial oceangoing barges and their tugs (other than integrated tug barges or ITBs) may not be able to safely evade or ride out a hurricane or tropical storm at sea, depending on the track and speed of the storm. Ultimately, the responsibility for the safety of a vessel and its crew rests with the vessel's master. Therefore, unless a thorough

assessment of the situation indicates a greater level of risk to the safety of life in the port, the COTP will respect a master's decision to remain in port. **Facility operators should be advised that the COTP will not order vessels to depart the facility if doing so would unduly hazard the vessel**. Masters or agents of vessels over 500 GT unable to depart should report their intentions to the COTP. Requests to remain in port should contain detailed information about the facility where the vessel will remain moored, and an indication of whether the facility operator concurs with the request to remain.

- F. Commercial vessels, including fishing vessels, less than 500 gross tons will be directed to seek shelter north of the Intracoastal Waterway on the Calcasieu River and north of Texaco Island Intersection on the Sabine-Neches Waterway.
- G. Shallow draft vessels that intend to seek shelter upriver should anticipate bridges closing due to high winds and proceed upriver before being trapped on the south side of a bridge. A prudent mariner should know under what conditions the bridges in the area would close.
- H. Barge fleets, particularly those carrying hazardous cargoes, should make every attempt to protect fleet populations. Upon notification of an impending hurricane and if possible, standby vessels should be positioned for quick recovery in the event of a breakaway.

#### 2. PREPARDNESS:

- A. Planning Factors The maritime community may utilize these when developing severe weather plans; ensuring full understanding of local risk factors and policies that may impact operations and preparations before, during, and after severe weather.
- B. Pre-Storm Procedures Lists specific operational restrictions and recommendations for the maritime community from the COTP. Those entities affected include terminals, facilities, marinas, owners, operators, agents, and masters of vessels. The "action items" checklists should be referred to whenever the COTP changes the Port Hurricane Condition.
- C. Post Storm Procedures Outlines the process the COTP will use to re-open the ports after passage of severe weather as well as the roles and responsibilities of the maritime community. Refer to Post Storm Procedures when making plans to reestablish operations after the passage of a storm.
- D. Communications Plan Describes how the COTP will communicate with the maritime community and how marine interests should contact the Coast Guard before, during, and after severe weather. The radio frequencies and others communication mechanisms outlined in this section should be incorporated into individual severe weather plans.

#### 3. PLANNING FACTORS:

A. Tidal Surge – More damage is typically caused by tidal surge than by wind during tropical storms and hurricanes. Storm surge is therefore regarded as the greatest threat to the maritime community during severe weather. Many factors impact the storm surge that accompanies tropical storms and hurricanes.

- B. Geographic Considerations The worst natural disaster in the history of the United States impacted Galveston in 1900 and left between 6,000-8,000 dead. No areas within Sabine-Neches Waterway are considered safe hurricane havens since surrounding low topography does not provide an adequate windbreak. The Ports of Port Arthur, Beaumont, Lake Charles, and Orange do not provide suitable refuge from either hurricanes or tropical storms. In addition, the Port of Beaumont is a port of significant national interest, and every effort must be taken to minimize the damage caused by severe weather. In most cases this means that vessels or barges greater than 500 GT may not be permitted to remain anywhere within this port.
- C. Vessel Sortie Policy As there are no safe havens in the Port Arthur Captain of the Port Zone, the risk of damage to our ports is reduced when the number of commercial vessels is minimized. Accordingly, commercial ocean-going vessels and ocean-going tug/barge combinations over 500 GT will generally be encouraged to depart the port when hurricanes approach. Masters or agents of vessels unable to depart the port should contact VTS Port Arthur before Condition YANKEE is set for the region. Survey information that needs to be provided to the VTS is included in this pre-event plan.

### **Vessel Sortie Recommendations**

Port Hurricane	Recommended Actions for Commercial, Oceangoing		
Condition	Vessels and Barges Over 200 GT		
Condition Whiskey (Alert – 72 Hrs)	Make all preparations to get underway. Set navigation and radio watch. "Dead" ships, vessels, or barges unable to put to sea must contact VTS Port Arthur. Information should be submitted prior to setting Condition X-Ray.		
Condition X-Ray	All vessels should prepare to complete cargo operations and		
(Readiness – 48 Hrs)	depart port within 24 hours, or when Condition Yankee is		
	set. Vessels and barges unable to depart must contact VTS		
	Port Arthur before setting Condition Yankee.		
<b>Condition Yankee</b>	Port is closed to incoming traffic without specific written		
(Warning – 24 Hrs)	approval of COTP. All cargo operations should be secured.		
	All vessels are encouraged to put to sea.		
Condition Zulu	Port is closed. No terminal, facility, or vessel operations are		
(Danger – 12 Hrs)	permitted.		

Note: The maritime community should anticipate that storm movement may accelerate and periods between Port Hurricane Conditions may be less than the 24 or 12 hours indicated above.

D. Berthing Arrangements – Most of the deep draft berths are owned or controlled by ports authorities or private terminal operators. Many have policies against berthing of vessels during severe weather, and they will typically direct vessels to depart their facility unless prior arrangements have been made. The responsibility to find a suitable lay berth to weather a storm lies with the vessel owner or agent. The COTP generally will not order a terminal operator to lay berth a vessel during severe weather.

- E. Vessel Evacuations The following factors should be considered when planning vessel evacuations:
  - 1. Harbor Tugs Masters and agents of deep draft vessels and tug/barges that require assistance during docking and transit should keep in mind that there might be very limited availability of harbor tugs. Vessels that postpone departure until the final hours of Port Hurricane Condition Yankee may find it difficult to schedule harbor tugs, and may experience delays that make it difficult to evade the storm at sea. Plan to depart the port early, and anticipate some scheduling conflicts caused by the simultaneous departure of many deep draft vessels.
  - 2. As a reminder, pilots generally stop working when conditions at the sea buoy prevent safe transfer from ship to pilot boat or at the on-set of sustained gale force winds.
- F. Lay-Up Vessels No vessel will be permitted to enter or remain in lay-up status during the hurricane season, except as provided below. Vessels in lay-up during the off-season (Dec 1st– May31st) must depart port **no later than May 31st**. Layed-up vessels unable to depart before June 1 each year must obtain written permission from the COTP to remain in port. Such requests, at a minimum, shall include a lay-up plan containing specific provisions for **all categories of hurricanes**. For purposes of this policy, a vessel is considered in lay-up status if it is not operational. A vessel is considered operational only if it is manned, has valid certificates from the flag administration, and is prepared to conduct cargo operations or sail within 14 days of entering port. Vessel desiring to obtain COTP permission to remain in a lay-up status during hurricane season (1 June 30 November) should contact MSU Port Arthur at (409) 719-5083.

#### 4. POST-STORM:

- A. After hurricane passage, the Coast Guard and Army Corps of Engineers will need to make assessments of all affected areas to ensure navigation safety. MSU Port Arthur uses the following priorities for the assignment of resources, provided military contingency out-load is not in progress:
- 1. Restore and/or provide essential services and commodities to enhance, facilitate, and carry out efforts to support/restore public safety.
- 2. Security and protection of the environment.
- 3. Commercial interest with focus on survey and reopening of waterways.

Following the passage of a storm, portions of the Port Arthur COTP Zone may remain closed and the COTP Safety Zone may remain in effect. After a direct hit or near miss by a hurricane, it is likely that the port will remain closed while damage surveys are conducted and channels are cleared. It is also likely that some waterways will remain closed until the proper operation of bridges can be assured. If shoaling or other blockage is suspected, deep draft channels will be surveyed before they are reopened. In addition, normal port operations may not be restored until communications and power systems are fully operational.

As soon as possible after the passage of a storm, the Coast Guard will dispatch Field Observers by land, air and water to survey the extent of damage to the port infrastructure. The COTP will also coordinate with other federal, state, and local agencies. Maritime interests can assist the COTP in re-opening the port as quickly and safely as possible. All interests should report any damage, pollution, hazard to navigation, or unsafe condition to the COTP as soon as possible and by any means available after the passage of a storm.

Specific responsibilities following the passage of a storm and a basic communications plan follow as part of this pre-event plan:

**Post-Storm Reporting Requirements** 

Post-Storm Reporting	s Requirements
Who	What
Terminal and	1. Survey facilities and report any damage, pollution, or unsafe
Facility	conditions.
Operators	2. If shoaling is suspected, ensure soundings are taken and
	report results.
	3. Account for all vessels and barges moored at the facility
	prior to the storm. Report status to COTP.
	4. Make a recommendation to the COTP regarding the
	operational status of your facility.
Barge and Barge	Survey the barges or barge fleets. Account of all barges
Fleet	moored prior to the storm. Report the status of your barges,
Managers	including any damage, pollution or unsafe conditions.
<b>Dredge Operators</b>	1. Survey all dredge equipment and report status to the COTP.
	Specifically address the availability of dredge equipment for
	emergency dredging if required.
Pilots	1. Make a recommendation to the COTP regarding the status of
	the main channels, the need for extensive surveys, and the
	timeline for re-opening the port.
Harbor Tug	1. Survey all tugs and facilities and report and damage,
Companies	pollution, or unsafe conditions. Make a recommendation to the
	COTP regarding the availability of tugs.
Masters, Agents,	1. Survey vessels and mooring facilities and report any damage,
Operators of All	pollution or unsafe condition.
<b>Commercial Vessels</b>	2. Make a specific recommendation to the COTP regarding the
Remaining In Port	operational status of each vessel.
	3. Make any requests for shifting berths, dead ship movements,
	or vessel departures as soon as possible.

# **COMMUNICATIONS PLAN**

Method	How	When Used
	Transmitted	
Marine Safety	FIRSTCALL,	When Port Hurricane
Information	Homeport,	Conditions change, as needed
<b>Bulletin (MSIB)</b>	E-mail, &	to update status and announce
	Internet	meetings.
<b>Broadcast Notice</b>	VHF-FM	When Port Hurricane
To	Channel 16, 13,	Conditions change and when
Mariners (BTM)	& 22A,	safety zones are enforced.
VTS Advisory	VHF-FM	When Port Hurricane
	Channels 65A	Conditions change and when
	and 01A	safety zones are enforced.
Landline		To make request, reports or
MSU Port Arthur	(409) 723-6500	inquires to the Coast Guard.
VTS Port Arthur	(409) 723-5070	
Station Sabine	(409) 971-2194	SAR ONLY
Fax		To make request, reports or
MSU Port Arthur	(409) 723-6534	inquires to the Coast Guard.
Station Sabine	(409) 971-2194	
VHF-FM	Channel 65A &	To make request, reports or
VTS Port Arthur	01A	inquires to the Coast Guard.

## HURRICANE PROCEDURES FOR THE MARITIME INDUSTRY

**Pre-Storm Procedures**: This section outlines the actions to be taken by maritime interests and the operational restrictions imposed by the COTP for each Port Hurricane Condition. The operational restrictions and required actions listed here are intended for the worst case; when Gale Forces Winds are predicted *and* hurricane conditions are expected to follow. In a case when less severe weather is expected, the COTP may choose lesser requirements and operational restrictions. These will be communicated to the maritime community in accordance with the Communications Plan provided in this Chapter.

<b>CONDITION: Pre</b>	CONDITION: Pre-Hurricane Season Se		Set: Seasonally, 1 Dec – 31 May	
(Page 1 of 1)				
Description: "Planning	ng/Preparedness" - review and update plans. Incorporate lessor	ns learned from previ	ous hurricane season.	
	Action Items			
Who	What	When	Notes	
All maritime	1. Review and update hurricane plans.	By 1 June		
interests	2. Make recommendation to COTP for changes to this plan.			
Operators of	1. Make arrangements with local terminal and facility operator	ors By 1 June	Early planning is essential to	
Oceangoing	for berthing during severe weather, if your intent is to remain	in	ensure safety of tugs and	
Barges & Tugs	<b>Tugs</b> port. Provide details of these arrangements to the COTP.		barges.	
Vessel and Barge	1. Submit Hurricane plans for lay-up vessels and barge fleets	By 1 June		
operators or	that will be unable to depart the port when severe weather			
agents	threatens.			

<b>CONDITION:</b> Entire H	CONDITION: Entire Hurricane Season Set: Seasonally, 1 Jun -		0 Nov	
(Page 1 of 1)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Description: "Alert" – E	Ensure all preparations are complete	e to implement Heavy Weath	ner Plans	
		Action Items		
Who	What		When	Notes
All maritime interests	1. Attend Port Hurricane Meeting	g to review COTP Policy	By 15 June	Scheduled by COTP
	and requirements, and discuss any	y other topics of concern.		
<b>Terminal &amp; Facility</b>	1. Ensure all required equipment	is on hand and	By 15 June	
Operators	operational.			
	2. Conduct tests of emergency sy	stems, including		
	communications and power systems.			
	3. Provide COTP with updated list of all vessels and barges			
	over 500 GT moored at the facility for more than 30 days.			
Vessel and Barge	1. Review vessel sortie recommendations.		By 15 June	Plans for barge fleets and lay-up
Operators	2. Ensure storm moorings are in	place or on hand for		vessels that are planning to remain
	vessels or fleets planning to remain in port during severe			in port should be submitted to the
	weather.			COTP for approval prior to setting
	3. Provide COTP with updated list of the number and size			Port Hurricane Condition
	of barges and vessels over 500 G	Γ that have been granted		Whiskey.
	permission to remain in port.			

<b>CONDITION: Port</b>	NDITION: Port Condition Whiskey Set: When sustained gale force winds are possible within		nds are possible within 72	
(Page 1 of 2)	nge 1 of 2) hours			_
Description: "Activa	ntion" - Prepare to implement the Heavy Weat	her Plan		
	Act	ion Items		
Who	What		When	Notes
All maritime	1. Review the requirements for Port Hurrica	ne Condition		
interests	X-Ray.			
Terminal &	1. Ensure the open areas of docks, wharves,	and piers are	Prior to setting	Hazardous materials should
<b>Facility Operators</b>	cleared of all potential missile hazards.		Condition	be removed from areas prone
	2. Notify the COTP of any labeled dangerou	s cargo that must	X-Ray	to flooding.
	remain in open areas by reason of insufficien	t shed space.		
	3. Ensure drums are banded on pallets not m	ore than two tiers		
	high, or laid horizontally with secure dunnage.			
	4. Notify COTP of any vessels or barges (over 500 GT) at the			
	facility that may not be able to get underway	within 48 Hours.		
	5. Ballast storage tanks.			

CONDITION: Port (Page 2 of 2)	CONDITION: Port Hurricane Condition Whiskey (Page 2 of 2)		d gale force winds	s are possible within 72 hours
Description: "Activat	ion" – Prepare to implement the Heavy Weat			
	<u></u>	ion Items		
Who	What		When	Notes
Vessel and Barge	1. Make preparations to get underway, incl		Prior to setting	See Remaining in Port
(Over 500 GT)	navigational watch and maintaining live rad	io watch on VHF-	Condition	Checklist for details if
Operators, Agents,	FM channel 16, 13, and 65A or 01A 83.		X-Ray	intending to stay in port.
or Masters	<ol> <li>Ships and barges over 500 GT unable to 48 hours or desiring to remain in port during declare their intent and submit "Remaining the COTP.</li> <li>Ships and barges that have prior approva update their status with the COTP and imple Hurricane Plans.</li> <li>Review scheduled arrivals and departure needs for assistance or possible deviations for the state of th</li></ol>	g the storm should in Port Checklists" to I to lay-up must ement their s to identify potential		All practicable and reasonable measures must be taken to ensure vessel stability (ballasting, shifting of cargo, securing hatches)  Once Port Hurricane Condition X-Ray is set ALL Ships and Barges over 500 GT may be required to make notice of arrival to the COTP.
<b>Dredge Operators</b>	Notify COTP of current position and integrated in the control of the current position and integrated in the current position and i	entions.	Prior to setting Condition X-Ray	Dredges may be required to clear the channel and seek refuge once Port Hurricane Condition X-Ray is set.
Small Craft &	1. Take early action to evacuate the port. V	essels that can be	Prior to setting	Evacuation of small craft will
Recreational	removed from the water should be.		Condition	become more difficult as the
Boaters			X-Ray	storm approaches.

<b>CONDITION: Port</b>	CONDITION: Port Hurricane Condition X-Ray Set: When sustained gale force winds are possible within 48		possible within 48 hours
(Page 1 of 2)			
Description: "Reading	less" – Implement the Heavy Weather Plan		
	Action Items		
Who	What	When	Notes
All maritime	1. Prepare to secure all operations within 24 hours.		
interests	2. Anticipate that the storm may accelerate and that Port Hurricane		
	Condition Yankee may be set in less than 24 hours.		
	3. Review the requirements for Port Hurricane Condition Yankee.		
Terminal &	1. Complete all cargo operations. Liquefied gas and bulk chemical	Prior to	
<b>Facility Operators</b>	ships should complete operations before condition Yankee is set.	setting	
	2. Secure potential missile hazards and hazardous cargo or supplies.	Condition	
	3. Reduce container and pallet stacks to one high where possible.	Yankee	
	4. Lay-up vessels should be singled-up.		
	5. Report any unusual or unsafe conditions to COTP.		
Vessel and Barge	1. If planning to get underway, make final preparations. Ensure all	Prior to	Ocean-going tank barges
(Over 500 GT)	required stores are aboard.	setting	remaining in port may be
Operators,	2. Vessels with permission to remain in port should secure for sever	e Condition	required to empty cargo
Agents, or	weather in accordance with the plan approved by the COTP. Notify	Yankee	tanks and ballast down.
Masters	COTP when complete.		
	3. Lightering and Bunkering prohibited at inshore anchorages.		Vessels remaining in port
	4. All vessels should complete cargo transfers within 36 hours or		should be manned with
	before condition Zulu is set.		sufficient crew.
Operators of	1. Make preparations to evacuate to sheltered water. Notify COTP	Prior to	No areas in the Port Arthur
Inland Vessels	of intentions.	setting	COTP Zone are considered
and Vessels Less		Condition	"safe havens."
Than 500 GT		Yankee	

CONDITION: Port Hurricane Condition X-Ray Set: When s		When sustaine	ed gale force winds ar	e possible within 48 hours
(Page 2 of 2)	•		S	•
Description: "Reading	ss" – Implement the Heavy Weather Plan			
	Action	Items		
Who	What		When	Notes
<b>Barges and Barge</b>	1. Barge fleets moored at facilities should be	reduced as	Prior to setting	
Fleets	much as possible.		Condition Yankee	
	2. Barge fleets not moored at facilities should	d be packed		
	as tightly as possible and mooring secured.			
	3. Barge fleets should be secured in accordar	nce with the		
	Hurricane Plan approved by the COTP. Notify COTP			
	when complete.			
	4. All barges should consider ballasting down for			
	maximum stability.			
Agents, Ship and	1. Make notice of arrival to the COTP for all	ships, tugs	1. At least 24 hrs	
Tug Operators	and barges over 500 GT.		prior to arrival.	
	2. Encourage vessels intending to remain in p	port complete	2. Prior to setting	
	the Remaining in Port Checklist.		Condition Yankee	
<b>Dredge Operators</b>	1. Remove all equipment from the waterway	and seek	Prior to setting	Dredge equipment should be
	sheltered moorings. Notify COTP when com	plete.	Condition Yankee	moored no closer than ½ mile
				from any bridge.

CONDITION: Port Hurricane Condition Yankee		Set: When sustained gale force winds are predicted within		
(Page 1 of 3)		24 hours		
Description. Warning	" – Commerce stops, all operations are to prep Action It		weather.	
Who	What	When	Notes	
All maritime	1. "Normal" port operations are secured.	Upon the setting	The requirements for Port Hurricane	
interests	Efforts are directed toward preparation for	of Condition	Condition Yankee may be modified in	
	severe weather.	Yankee	cases where gale forces winds are	
	2. Anticipate that the COTP will enact a		predicted but hurricane conditions are	
	safety zone prohibiting all vessel or port		not expected to follow.	
	facility operations within 12 hours.			
	3. Anticipate that the storm may accelerate			
	and that Port Hurricane Condition Zulu may			
	be set in less than 12 hours.			
	4. Review the requirements for Port			
	Hurricane Condition Zulu.			
<b>Terminal &amp; Facility</b>	1. Secure all cargo operations and cargo	1.Upon the	Shore-side storage tanks at bulk liquid	
Operators	handling equipment.	setting of	facilities should be ballasted to	
	2. Bulk liquid terminals should ensure that a		withstand maximum winds and storm	
	transfer hoses and loading arms are drained,	2. Prior to setting	surge.	
	flanged, and secured. Secure valves on	Condition Zulu		
	transfer piping leading to pier and waterfront	,	Reports to the COTP should contain a	
	areas in the closed position.		list of all vessels and barges (of any	
	3. Make final survey of the facility to ensure	<b>;</b>	size) moored at the facility and a	
	all potential missile hazards and hazardous		phone number or frequency for a point	
	materials are secured. Report to COTP when	1	of contact during and after the storm.	
	complete.			
	4. Facilities may desire a vessel to leave the	r		
	docks; the COTP will only approve this if			
1	suitable lay berth or anchorage is available.			

CONDITION: Port Hu	CONDITION: Port Hurricane Condition Yankee Set: When sustained gale force winds are predicted within 24				
(Page 2 of 3)		hours			
Description: "Warning" – Commerce stops, all operations are to prepare the port for severe weather.					
	Actio	on Items			
Who	What	When	Notes		
Vessel and Barge	1. Vessels ordered to put to sea by the	Upon setting Condition	The COTP may close the port when		
(Over 500 GT)	COTP must depart at this time.	Yankee	sustained winds exceed 35 knots.		
Operators, Agents, or	2. Vessels remain in port should ensure th	at			
Masters	a remaining in port checklist has been				
	completed and submitted to VTS Port				
	Arthur.				
Operators of Inland	1. Evacuate to sheltered water. Notify VT	1	No areas in the Port Arthur COTP		
Vessels and Vessels	Port Arthur of location.	Yankee	Zone are considered "safe havens."		
Less Than 500 GT					
			The COTP may close the port when sustained winds exceed 35 knots.		
Barges and Barge	1. Report barge and fleet status to COTP.	Prior to setting Condition	Reports to COTP should include a		
Fleets	1 1 2 2 2	Zulu	phone number or radio frequency		
			for a point of contact during and		
			after the storm.		
			COTP will suspend all oversized		
			tow permits.		
			The COTD mean along the mark and and		
			The COTP may close the port when sustained winds exceed 35 knots.		

CONDITION: Port Hurricane Condition Yankee		Set: When sustained gale force winds are predicted within 24		
(Page 3 of 3)		hours		
Description: "Warning'	' - Commerce stops, all operations are to prepa	re the port for	or severe weather.	
	Action	Items		
Who	What		When	Notes
Agents, Ship & Tug Operators	1. Report any delays in implementing COTF requirements or anticipated problems.		Prior to setting Condition Zulu	Reports to COTP should include a phone number or radio frequency for a point of contact during and after the storm.  The COTP may close the port when sustained winds exceed 35 knots.
Dredge Operators	1. Report status and location of all dredge equation of all dredge equation of all dredge equation of all dredge equation of all dredge equations are status and location of all dredge equations.	quipment.	Prior to setting Condition Zulu	Report to COTP should include a phone number or radio frequency for a point of contact during and after the storm.  The COTP may close the port when sustained winds exceed 35 knots.

CONDITION: Port Hurricane Condition Zulu (Page 1 of 1)		Set: When sustained gale force winds are predicted within 12 hours and hurricane conditions are expected to follow.		
Description: "Landfall" – Final preparation and verification that all requirements are met.				
Action Items				
Who	What		When	Notes
All maritime interests	<ol> <li>Make final preparations for severe we Ensure all operations and equipment are</li> <li>Anticipate that the storm may accelerated slow down, and that Port Hurricane Condition Zulu will be in effect until cancelled by that after passage of the storm.</li> <li>Review the requirements for Post-Storm Procedures.</li> </ol>	secure. ate or dition he COTP	Upon the setting of Condition Zulu	The COTP may establish a safety zone that prohibits any commercial vessel transits or port facility operations without approval of the COTP. This safety zone will remain in effect until specifically lifted by the COTP.  All cargo-handling ops will be suspended
Operators of all vessels and barges remaining in port	1. Ensure that mooring are secured. Repunusual condition or damage to the COT soon as possible.		Upon the setting of Condition Zulu	All cargo-handling ops will be suspended.